Informations Rapides



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Principaux indicateurs

Quarterly national accounts - First results Q4 2014

French GDP increased by 0.1% in Q4. Over the year, GDP rose by 0.4%

In Q4 2014, GDP in volume terms increased by 0.1%. Over the year, GDP rose by 0.4% as in 2013.

Household consumption expenditure increased slightly by the end of the year (+0.2% after +0.3% in Q3 2014). Conversely, total gross fixed capital formation (GFCF) still decreased (-0.5% after -0.6%). Thus, final domestic demand (excluding inventory changes) rose slightly and contributed for +0.1 points to GDP after +0.2 points in Q3. Exports accelerated markedly in Q4 (+2.3% after +0.7%), while imports kept on increasing (+1.7% after +1.3%). Ultimately, foreign trade balance contributed positively to activity: +0.1 points after -0.2 points. Conversely, changes in inventories contributed for -0.2 points, after +0.3 points the previous quarter.

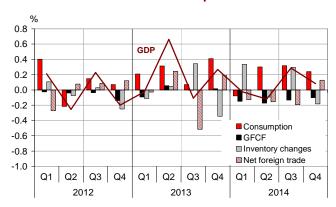
Total production was flat

In Q4, production in goods and services held steady (after +0.5%). Output in the manufactured goods stepped back (-0.2% after +0.5%), notably production of transport equipment. At the same time, production of tradable services decelerated slightly but still increased (+0.4% after +0.6%) whereas activity in construction dropped again (-1.0% after -1.0%). Over the year, total production increased by 0.6%, after +0.5% in 2013: it renewed with growth in manufacturing industries (+0.4% after -0.6%) and accelerated slightly in tradable services (+1.2% after +0.9%), while the decline in construction intensified (-2.9% after -1.2%).

Investment dropped again

As from the beginning of the year, GFCF continued to decline this quarter (-0.5% after -0.6%). Investment in construction fell again, but less strongly in Q4 (-1.1% after -1.4%). Investment in manufactured goods decreased again (-0.3% after -0.1%).

GDP and its main components



Goods and services:

supply and uses chain-linked volumes

percentage change from previous period, working-day and seasonally adjusted data

	2014	2014	2014	2014	2013	2014
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4		
GDP	0.0	-0.1	0.3	0.1	0.4	0.4
Imports	1.0	0.6	1.3	1.7	1.9	3.8
Household consumption						
expenditure	-0.3	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.6
General government						
consumption expenditure	0.3	0.4	0.6	0.4	2.0	1.9
GFCF	-0.7	-0.8	-0.6	-0.5	-0.8	-1.6
of which Non-financial						
corporated and						
unincorporated enterprises	-0.5	-0.3	0.0	-0.2	-0.6	0.3
Households	-1.7	-1.6	-1.5	-1.5	-3.1	-5.8
General government	-0.3	-1.3	-1.5	-0.2	1.1	-2.1
Exports	0.6	0.1	0.7	2.3	2.4	2.7
Contributions:						
Internal demand excluding						
inventory changes	-0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.4	0.4
Inventory changes	0.3	-0.1	0.3	-0.2	-0.2	0.3
Net foreign trade	-0.1	-0.2	-0.2	0.1	0.1	-0.4

Sectoral accounts

percentage change from previous period,working-day and seasonally adjusted data

percentage change from previous period, working-day and seasonally adjusted data							
	2014	2014	2014	2014	2013	2014	
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4		(ovhg)	
Profit ratio of NFC* (level) Household purchasing	30.0	29.5	29.6		29.8		
power	0.6	0.5	0.6		0.0	1.2	

*NFC: non-financial corporations

^{*} This growth rate is seasonally and working-day adjusted; volumes are chain-linked previous-year-prices volumes.

Production, Consumption and GFCF: main components

percentage change from previous period, working-day and seasonally adjusted data

	2014	2014	2014	2014	2013	2014
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4		
Production of						
branches	0.1	-0.1	0.5	0.0	0.5	0.6
Goods	0.2	-0.4	0.7	-0.6	-0.2	0.0
Manufactured Industry	0.7	-0.8	0.5	-0.2	-0.6	0.4
Construction	-1.3	-1.3	-1.0	-1.0	-1.2	-2.9
Market services	0.2	0.1	0.6	0.4	0.9	1.2
Non-market services	0.4	0.3	0.5	0.3	1.5	1.6
Household						
consumption	-0.3	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.6
Food products	-0.9	0.8	-0.3	0.7	0.1	0.4
Energy	-4.7	1.8	1.2	-2.3	0.8	-5.7
Engineered goods	0.4	-0.5	0.4	0.6	-1.0	1.7
Services	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.6	0.7
GFCF	-0.7	-0.8	-0.6	-0.5	-0.8	-1.6
Manufactured goods	-0.2	-0.7	-0.1	-0.3	-0.9	0.3
Construction	-1.3	-1.6	-1.4	-1.1	-1.6	-3.9
Market services	-0.1	0.3	0.2	0.4	0.3	0.5

Households' disposable income and ratios of households' account

percentage change from previous period, working-day and seasonally adjusted data

	2014 Q1	2014 Q2	2014 Q3	2014 Q4	2013	2014 (ovhg)
HDI	1.1	0.5	0.5		0.6	1.6
Household purchasing						
power	0.6	0.5	0.6		0.0	1.2
HDI by cu*						
(purchasing power)	0.5	0.3	0.4		-0.6	0.6
Adjusted HDI						
(purchasing power)	0.6	0.5	0.6		0.5	1.3
Saving rate (level)	15.4	15.5	15.8		15.1	0.0
Financial saving rate						
(level)	6.3	6.6	6.9		5.8	0.0

^{*}cu: consumption unit

Ratios of non-financial corporations' account

level (in percent), data WDA-SA

	2014	2014	2014	2014	2013
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	
Profit share	30.0	29.5	29.6		29.8
Investment ratio	22.6	22.6	22.6		22.6
Savings ratio	17.1	17.2	17.2		17.1
Self-financing ratio	75.6	75.8	76.2		75.8

Expenditure, receipts and net borrowing of public administrations

level, data WDA-SA

	2014	2014	2014	2014	2013
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	
In billions of euros					
Total expenditure	307.4	308.3	310.3		1207.7
Total receipts	285.8	284.7	286.3		1120.4
Net lending (+) or					
borrowing (-)	-21.6	-23.6	-24.0		-87.2
In % of GDP					
Net lending (+) or					
borrowing (-)	-4.0	-4.4	-4.5		-4.1

However, investment in tradable services was still growing (+0.4% this quarter after +0.2% in previous quarter). Over the year, GFCF stepped back: -1.6% after -0.8%.

Household consumption decelerated

In Q4 2014, household consumption grew by 0.2%, after +0.3% in Q3. Expenditure in goods decelerated (+0.1% after +0.3%). Total expenditure on energy, in particular gas and electricity, declined sharply (-2.3%) due to temperatures above their seasonal average. Conversely, consumption in food products bounced back (+0.7% after -0.3%) and household expenditure in capital goods were still dynamic (+2.9% after +3.0%). As for services, expenditure accelerated slightly (+0.3% after +0.2%). Over the year, household consumption expenditure accelerated (+0.6% after +0.3%). In 2014, consumption expenditure of general government progressed at a rate close to 2013 (+1.9% after +2.0% in 2013).

Foreign trade balance contributed anew to growth

In Q4, exportations accelerated markedly (+2.3% after +0.7%), especially in transport equipment (+10.7% after -5.0%). In the same time, importations were also more dynamic compared to the previous quarter (+1.7% after +1.3%), mainly due to importations of pharmaceuticals. Overall, the foreign trade balance contributed for +0.1 points this quarter after -0.2 points the previous quarter. Over the year, exportations increased (+2.7% after +2.4%), but less than importations (+3.8% after +1.9%). In 2014, the foreign trade balance weighed down GDP growth (-0.4 points after +0.1 points in 2013).

Changes in inventories weighed down GDP growth at the end of 2014

In Q4, changes in inventories accounted for -0.2 points of GDP growth after +0.3 points. In particular, the negative contribution concerned the transport equipment, in automotive as in aeronautics. Over the year, changes in inventories contributed up to +0.3 points, after -0.2 points in 2013.

Revisions

GDP growth in Q3 2014 is still estimated at +0.3%. Mild revisions are mainly imputable to revisions of indicators and to updates of seasonal adjustment coefficients.

More:

The **statistical overhang** of a variable is the annual growth rate which would be obtained if this variable was to remain at its level of the last known quarter.

- More data (time series since 1949, methodology...) are available on the dedicated web page: <u>quarterly national accounts on www.insee.fr</u>
- Time series are also available in the Macro-economic database: G1540, G1548
- Press contact: bureau-de-presse@insee.fr
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