



2015.100

<u>15 mars 2016 - n°63</u> Main indicators

Prices index – February 2016

Consumer prices increased by 0.3% in February 2016; year-on-year, they were down 0.2%

Monthly change: +0.3%; year-on-year: -0.2%

In February 2016, the Consumer Prices Index (CPI) grew by 0.3% after -1.0% in January. Seasonally adjusted, it diminished by 0.2%, as in the previous month. Year-on-year, it fell back (-0.2% after +0.2% in January 2016), for the first time since March 2015. The variation in energy prices and service prices explain much this movement. Over one month, the rise in the CPI in February came mainly from the rebound in prices of manufactured products after the end of winter sales and in prices of services tourism-related, although this latter was lower this year. Moreover, petroleum product prices continued to fall in February, while food prices were stable.

Seasonal rebound in manufactured product prices

In February 2016, prices of manufactured products recovered sharply (+1.0% after -3.0% in January; -0.1% year-on-year) due to the end of winter sales. The rebound is particularly pronounced in clothing and footwear (+5.9%; +0.8% year-on-year). To a lesser extent, this effect also contributed to the rise in prices of other products like jewellery, clocks and watches (+1.1%; +1.9% year-on-year), furniture and furnishings (+1.1%; +0.6% year-on-year) and major household appliances (+0.6%; -0.8% year-on-year). However, prices of other products were still edged down owing to promotions : new motor cars (-0.1%; +1.3% year-on-year) and sport equipment (-0.2%; +0.7% year-on-year) especially. Furthermore, prices of health products continued to decline (-0.2%; +3.7% year-on-year).

Detailed figures for various groups definitive variations

			2015: 100			
Items	Weight	Index	Percentage change			
items	weight	Feb.		•		
	2016	гер. 2016	m-on-m change	y-on-y change		
a) All households						
OverAll	10000	99.33	0.3	-0.2		
Overall SA*	10000	99.65	-0.2	-0.2		
Food	1615	99.90	0.0	0.2		
Fresh food	217	98.65	-0.1	0.4		
Other food	1398	100.10	0.0	0.2		
Tobacco	195	100.04	0.0	0.3		
Manufactured products	2651	98.79	1.0	-0.1		
Clothing and footwear	414	92.96	5.9	0.8		
Medical products	466	98.07	-0.2	-3.7		
Other manufactured						
products	1771	100.14	0.3	0.4		
Energy	773	94.06	-1.0	-6.8		
Petroleum products	419	88.10	-1.4	-12.8		
Services	4766	100.31	0.2	0.8		
Actual rentals and						
services for dwellings	768	100.62	0.1	0.6		
Medical services	598	100.25	0.2	0.2		
Transport	279	96.72	0.5	-1.8		
Communication	245	99.89	-0.1	0.0		
Other services	2876	100.63	0.2	1.3		
Total except rents and						
tobacco	9183	99.25	0.3	-0.2		
Total except tobacco	9805	99.32	0.3	-0.2		
 b) Urban working-class households or households of employees 						
All products excluding						
tobacco	9704	99.25	0.3	-0.3		
 c) Households that belong to the lowest equivalized disposable income quintile - France 						
All products excluding tobacco	9696	99.09	0.2	-0.4		
*: seasonally adjusted	•	1		t		

*: seasonally adjusted

Geographical coverage: France excluding Mayotte Source: INSEE - Consumer Price Indexes

Seasonal increase in service prices

As every year, service prices grew in February (+0.2% over one month; +0.8% year-on-year). This rise was less pronounced than in recent years. Indeed, seasonal increase in prices related to accomodation services (+2.7%; +0.8% year-on-year) and those of recreational and sporting services (+0.3% over one month as over one year) are more limited this year, mainly because of the shift of the school holiday dates for Zone C. Besides, telecommunication fees were stable, whereas they had risen sharply in February 2015 (+1.9% over one month). Finally, insurance prices dipped (-0.6%; +2.4% year-on-year) as a result of promotions on motor vehicle insurance tariffs. Conversely, toll facilities were raised in February this year (+1.1%), unlike last year.

Further drop in energy

In February 2016, energy prices fell for the ninth month in a row (-1.0%; -6.8% year-on-year), once again due to the decline in prices of petroleum products (-1.4%; -12.8% year-on-year). Moreover, natural gas and town gas prices slipped back sharply (-1.7%; -8.8% year on year) after an increase in the previous month (+1.0%). Electricity rates were unchanged over the month (+4.1% year-on-year).

Stability of food prices

In February 2016, food prices were broadly flat. Prices of fresh products fell slightly again (-0.1% after -0.4% in January). Excluding fresh products, food prices were unchanged over the month and increased by 0.2% year-on-year, as in the previous two months.

Decline in core inflation

In February 2016, core inflation indicator (ISJ) was stable after an increase by 0.1% in January. Year-onyear, it grew by 0.7%, slightly less quickly than the previous two months (+0.9% in January and December). The Harmonised Index of Consumer Prices (HICP) increased by 0.3% over one month. Year-onyear, it edged down year-on-year (-0.1% after +0.3% in the previous two months).

For more information:

year-on-year changes %

Consumer price index (CPI), core inflation (ISJ)* and

Harmonised Indices of Consumer Prices (HICP)**



Detailed figures for Core inflation* and HICP**

				2015: 100	
Items	Weight	Index	Percentage change		
	2016	Feb. 2016	m-on-m change	y-on-y change	
Core inflation - All items	6075	100.37	0.0	0.7	
Food excluding fresh products, meat, milk and exotic products	735	100.06	-0.1	0.0	
Manufactured products	2136	100.50	0.8	0.6	
Services including actual rentals and services for dwellings	3204	100.54	-0.2	0.9	
HICP - All items		99.32	0.3	-0.1	

* Core inflation indicator excludes public sector prices, the most volatile consumer prices and the tax measures. Seasonally adjusted, this index is calculated for all households in France excluding overseas departments and territories. (in French "indice d'inflation sous-jacent - ISJ)

**HICP: Harmonised Indices of Consumer Prices are inflation figures designed for international comparison of consumer price inflation between Member states of the European Union. This index is calculated for all households in France (excluding Mayotte). *Source: INSEE - Consumer Price Indexes*

Revisions

Compared to the provisional estimate released on 26 February 2016, the monthly rate of change in the CPI in February 2016 was raised by 0.1 percentage points, from 0.2% to 0.3%.

- Complementary data (long series) and metadata (linked internet pages, etc.) are available on the web page: <u>http://www.insee.fr/en/themes/indicateur.asp?id=29</u>, see "For further information" and "Links".
- Historical data are available on the BDM database: <u>CPI</u>, <u>HCPI</u>
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- Methodology contact: ipc-dg@insee.fr
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