Informations Rapides



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Main indicators

Prices index - September 2014

Consumer prices decreased by 0.4% in September 2014; they rose by 0.3% year-on-year

Monthly change: -0.4%; Year-on-year: +0.3%

The Consumer Prices Index (CPI) decreased by 0.4% in September 2014, after rising by +0,4% in August. Seasonally adjusted, it diminished by 0.1% after +0.1% in August 2014. Year-on-year, the CPI grew by 0.3%, slightly down from the previous month (+0.4% in August 2014). Excluding tobacco, the CPI increased by 0.2%, year-on-year.

The largest contributions to the drop in the CPI in September 2014 came from seasonal decreases in prices of some services at the end of the summer holidays and also from a new fall in energy prices. Conversely, prices of manufactured products, especially those of clothing and footwear, continued to recover after the end of summer sales in metropolitan France. Moreover, food prices overall increased, driven by a strong growth in fresh food prices in September 2014.

Decrease in service prices

In September 2014, service prices fell by 1.6% (+1.5% year-on-year), mainly as a result of the seasonal drop in prices of tourism services. Particularly, it was the case for accommodation services (-43.7%; +0.3% year-on-year), package holidays (-27.3%; +1.6% year-on-year), rents of vacation residences (-24.5%; +1.0% year-on-year), airfares (-18.3%; +1.6% year-on-year) and passenger transport by sea and inland waterway (-14.7%; -2.4% year-on-year). Furthermore, while telecommunication tariffs remained almost stable during the last months, they dipped again year-on-year (-3.2%). In addition, service charges for insurance broadly fell by 1.0% in September 2014 due to promotion campaigns (+1.3% year-on-year).

Detailed figures for various groups

base 100 : année 1998

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	Weight	Index	Percentage change			
Items	2014	Sept. 2014	m-on-m change	y-on-y change		
a) All households - France						
All items (00 E)	10000	127.80	-0.4	0.3		
All items SA (00 C)	10000	128.05	-0.1	0.3		
Food (4000 E)	1653	131.33	0.4	-0.6		
Fresh food (4001 E)	210	135.74	4.9	-2.1		
Food excluding fresh						
products (4002 E)	1443	130.67	-0.2	-0.4		
Tobacco (4034 E)	204	258.61	0.0	3.5		
MANUFACTURED PRODUCTS (4003 E) Clothing and footwear	2653	100.74	1.2	-0.7		
(4004 E)	438	111.95	6.1	0.5		
Medical products (4005 E)	434	78.15	0.0	-2.9		
Other manufactured						
products (4006 E)	1781	103.8	0.3	-0.4		
ENERGY (4007 E)	850	176.82	-0.2	-2.5		
Petroleum products (4008 E)	475	199.84	-0.3	-4.8		
SERVICES (4009 E)	4640	135.75	-1.6	1.5		
Actual rentals and services for dwellings (4010 E)	748	141.73	0.0	1.4		
Medical services (4011 E)	552	121.79	-0.1	0.4		
Transport and communication services (4012 E)	503	95.43	-4.0	-0.1		
Other services (4013 E)	2837	146.64	-1.8	2.1		
ALL ITEMS EXCLUDING RENTALS AND TOBACCO (5000 E)	9202	125.22	-0.4	0.2		
ALL ITEMS EXCLUDING TOBACCO (4018 E)	9796	125.88	-0.4	0.2		
b) Manual or clerical worker headed urban households - France						
ALL ITEMS EXCLUDING TOBACCO (4018 D)	9707	125.64	-0.4	0.2		
ALL ITEMS (00 D)	10000	128.44	-0.4	0.2		
c) Households that belong to the lowest equivalized disposable income quintile - France						
ALL ITEMS EXCLUDING						
TOBACCO (4018 Q)	9679	126.93	-0.5	0.1		

Source: Insee - Consumer Price Indexes

Consumer price index (IPC) and Core inflation (ISJ) – year-on-year changes



Source: Insee - Consumer Price Indexes

Detailed figures for Core inflation* and HICP**

			Percentage change	
Items	Weight 2014	Index Sept. 2014	m-o-m change	y-o-y change
All items "Core inflation" (4022 S)	6053	122.45	-0.3	0.0
Food excluding fresh products, meat, milk and exotic products (4019 S) Manufactured products	713	124.63	0.0	-1.1
(4020 S) Services including actual rentals and services for	2162	104.78	0.2	-0.6
dwellings (4021 S)	3178	139.43	-0.5	0.8
All items HICP (00 H)		115.55	-0.4	0.4

^{*} ISJ: Core inflation indicator excludes public sector prices, the most volatile consumer prices and the tax measures. Seasonally adjusted, this index is calculated for all households in France excluding overseas departments and territories (base 100 1998).
**HICP: Harmonised Indices of Consumer Prices are inflation

Source: Insee - Consumer Price Indexes

New decline in energy prices

Energy prices decreased again in September 2014, but in a lesser manner than in August (-0.2% after -0.8%). Compared to September 2013, they dropped by 2.5%. Manufactured gas prices declined again (-0.6% in September after -1.2% in August; -3.6% year-on-year) as well as those of petroleum products (-0.3% in September after -1.1% in August; -4.8% year-on-year). Electricity prices remained steady in September 2014; they increased by +2.7% year-on-year, as in August.

Manufactured product prices rose again after the end of summer sales

After the end of summer sales in metropolitan France, prices of manufactured products went on increasing: +1.2% in September 2014 after +1.9% in August. In particular, prices of clothing and footwear increased by 6.1% in September 2014 (after +10.6% in August; +0.5% year-on-year). Compared to last year, prices of manufactured produts overall declined by 0.7%. Some of them were still discounted after the summer sales. It was the case for perfumes, care and beauty products (-0.5% in September 2014; -1.1% year-onyear), for household appliances (-0.2%; -2.0% yearon-year), for mattresses and bedding (-0.4% in September; -0.3% year-on-year) and for furniture and furnishings for bedroom (-0.5% in September 2014; +0.3% year-on-year). In addition, the declining trend in prices of some high tech products (computers, photographic equipment) has continued. On the opposite, following the end of special offers, prices of new cars increased by 1.5% in September 2014 (+4.1% year-on-year).

Prices of food products bounced back

In September 2014, food prices increased by 0.4% after having diminishing by 0.5% in August and July 2014. Year-on-year, their decline (-0.6% in September 2014) was lower than during the last months (-1.5% in August). This rebound came from a recovery in unprocessed food prices (+4.9% in September 2014) after their strong fall during the last months. However, this tendency was far to be homogeneous, especially for fresh vegetable prices which price trends differed depending on products. Excluding unprocessed products, food prices continued to diminish, by 0.2% in September 2014 and by 0.4% year-on-year (as in August 2014).

Core inflation decreased in September 2014

In September 2014, core inflation (ISJ) decreased by 0.3%. It reached zero year-on-year, the lowest level of this indicator (computed from 1990). The Harmonized Index of Consumer Prices (HICP) decreased by 0.4% in September and grew by 0.4% year-on-year, after +0.5% in August 2014.

For more information:

- Complementary data (long series) and metadata (linked internet pages, etc.) are available on the web page: http://www.insee.fr/en/themes/indicateur.asp?id=29, see « For further information » and « Links ».
- Historical data are available on the BDM : <u>G142</u>, <u>G143</u>, <u>G144</u>, <u>G146</u>, <u>G158</u>, <u>G159</u>, <u>G421</u>, <u>G706</u>, <u>G1396</u>
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^{**}HICP: Harmonised Indices of Consumer Prices are inflation figures designed for international comparison of consumer price inflation between Member states of the European Union. This index is calculated for all households in France (base 100 2005).