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GDP and its main components

Quarterly national accounts - First results Q3 2014

In Q3 2014 GDP increased by 0.3%

In Q3 2014, GDP in volume terms* increased by 0.3%, after a slight decline in Q2 (-0.1%).

Households' consumption expenditure kept increasing moderately (+0.2% after +0.3%). General government expenditure increased by 0.8% in the last guarter (after +0.5%). Total gross fixed capital formation (GFCF) went down again (-0.6% after -0.8%). Thus, final domestic demand (excluding inventory changes) was still going up and contributed for +0.2 points to GDP growth (after 0.1 points in Q2). Exports recovered (+0.5% after -0.1%) while imports accelerated (+1.1% after +0.3%). The foreign trade balance contributed negatively to activity (-0.2 points after -0.1 points in previous quarter), while changes in inventories contributed positively to GDP growth (+0.3 points after -0.1 points).

Total production recovered

After an almost stable second quarter (-0.1%), production in goods and services recovered in Q3 (+0.5%). Manufacturing output bounced back (+0.5% after -0.8%) notably due to coke and refined petroleum industry and transport equipment. Production in tradable services slightly sped up in Q3 (+0.5% after +0.1%). On the contrary, output in construction was still falling (-1.0% after -1.4%).

Households' consumption slightly deccelerated, while general government's one accelerated.

In Q3 2014, households' consumption expenditure slightly deccelerated (+0.2% after +0.3%). Heating expenditure kept rising but at a slower rate (+1.2% after +2.2%). Consumption in food products slightly decreased (-0.3% after +0.9%) while the expenditure in manufactured goods picked up moderately (+0.4% after -0.2%): consumption of equipment goods kept increasing significantly (+3.0% after +2.8%) while clothing expenditure declined again (-0.3% after -2.2%); car purchase also slowed down (-0.9% after +0.5%). Besides, expenditure on services moderately increased (+0.2% after +0.1%).

* This growth rate is seasonally and working-day adjusted; volumes are chain-linked previous-year-prices volumes.



Goods and services: supply and uses chain-linked volumes

percentage change from previous period,working-day and seasonally adjusted data							
	2013	2014	2014	2014	2013	2014	
	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3		(ovhg)	
GDP	0.2	0.0	-0.1	0.3	0.4	0.4	
Imports	0.4	0.7	0.3	1.1	1.9	2.8	
Household' consumption							
expenditure	0.4	-0.4	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.3	
General government's							
consumption expenditure	0.6	0.4	0.5	0.8	2.0	1.9	
GFCF	-0.1	-0.7	-0.8	-0.6	-0.8	-1.6	
of which Non financial							
corporated and unincorpo-							
rated enterprises	0.7	-0.6	-0.5	-0.1	-0.6	-0.2	
Households	-1.8	-1.9	-1.9	-1.7	-3.1	-6.0	
General government	-0.1	0.2	-0.7	-1.2	1.1	-0.4	
Exports	1.1	0.5	-0.1	0.5	2.4	1.9	
Contributions:							
Internal demand excluding							
inventory changes	0.3	-0.3	0.1	0.2	0.4	0.3	
Inventory changes	-0.3	0.4	-0.1	0.3	-0.2	0.4	
Net foreign trade	0.2	-0.1	-0.1	-0.2	0.1	-0.3	

Sectoral accounts

	2013 Q4	2014 Q1	2014 Q2	2014 Q3	2013	2014 (ovhg)
Profit ratio of NFC*						
(level)	29.4	29.9	29.4		29.8	
Household purchasing						
power	-0.3	0.9	0.5		0.0	0.9

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Production, Consumption and GFCF: main components

	2013	2014	2014	2014	2013	2014
	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3		(ovhg)
Production of						
branches	0.2	0.2	-0.1	0.5	0.5	0.6
Goods	0.0	0.4	-0.4	0.8	-0.2	0.1
Manufacturing Industry	0.2	0.8	-0.8	0.5	-0.6	0.3
Construction	-0.2	-1.3	-1.4	-1.0	-1.2	-2.9
Market services	0.4	0.2	0.1	0.5	0.9	1.1
Non-market services	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.5	1.5	1.5
Household consump-						
tion	0.4	-0.4	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.3
Food products	0.9	-1.0	0.9	-0.3	0.1	0.2
Energy	-1.6	-3.8	2.2	1.2	0.8	-4.4
Engineered goods	1.3	0.1	-0.2	0.4	-1.0	1.4
Services	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.6	0.6
GFCF	-0.1	-0.7	-0.8	-0.6	-0.8	-1.6
Manufactured goods	0.6	-0.1	-0.5	-0.2	-0.9	0.4
Construction	-0.6	-1.4	-1.7	-1.4	-1.6	-3.9
Market services	0.3	0.0	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.5

Households' disposable income and ratios of households' account

percentage change from previous period,working-day and seasonally adjusted data							
	2013	2014	2014	2014	2013	2014	
	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3		(ovhg)	
HDI	-0.3	1.3	0.5		0.6	1.4	
Household purchasing							
power	-0.3	0.9	0.5		0.0	0.9	
HDI by cu*							
(purchasing power)	-0.5	0.8	0.3		-0.6	0.4	
Adjusted HDI							
(purchasing power)	-0.1	0.8	0.5		0.5	1.1	
Saving rate (level)	14.5	15.6	15.7		15.1		
Financial saving rate							
(level)	5.4	6.6	7.0		5.8		

*cu: consumption unit

Ratios of non-financial corporations' account

level (in percent), data WDA-SA

	2013 Q4	2014 Q1	2014 Q2	2014 Q3	2013
Profit share	29.4	29.9	29.4		29.8
Investment ratio	22.7	22.5	22.5		22.6
Savings ratio	17.2	17.1	17.1		17.1
Self-financing ratio	75.6	75.7	76.0		75.7

Expenditure, receipts and net borrowing of public administrations

level, data WDA-SA

	2013 Q4	2014 Q1	2014 Q2	2014 Q3	2013
In hilling of owned	Q4	QI	QZ	43	
In billions of euros					
Total expenditure	305.1	307.8	308.9		1207.7
Total receipts	284.1	286.0	285.0		1120.4
Net lending (+) or					
borrowing (-)	-21.0	-21.8	-23.9		-87.2
In % of GDP					
Net lending (+) or					
borrowing (-)	-4.0	-4.1	-4.5		-4.1

General government expenditure accelerated (+0.8% after +0.5%) due to medicines expenditure and health services in particular.

Investment kept declining

After four consecutive quarters of decline, global GFCF shrank again in Q3 2014 (-0.6% after -0.8%). Investment in construction kept falling, but the decline lessened (-1.4% after -1.7%). Expenditure on manufactured goods went down again (-0.2% after -0.5%): the decrease in transport equipment (-1.3% after -0.4%) is partly compensated by the increase in equipment goods (+0.6% after -0.9%). Investment in tradable services increased slowly (+0.2%, as in the previous quarter).

The decline in investment is lower in non-financial corporations (-0.1% after -0.5%) than in general government (-1.2% after -0.7%) and households (-1.7% after -1.9%).

Exports and imports sped up

In Q3 2014, exportations slightly bounced back (+0.5% after -0.1%). Exportations in manufactured goods levelled off (0.0% after -0.6%): while exportations of transport equipment shrank, those of pharmacy and coke and refined petroleum sharply rose.

Importations increased at a steady pace (+1.1% after +0.3%), espacially for transport equipment.

Overall, the foreign trade balance contributed negatively to GDP: -0.2 points in the 3rd quarter (after -0.1 points).

Changes in inventories contributed positively to the activity

Changes in inventories had a positive contribution to GDP growth: +0.3 points after -0.1 points in the 2^{nd} quarter. Transport equipement contributed for +0.5 points to GDP (after a neutral contribution), thus it overcompensated the contribution of the trade balance of these goods.

Revisions

In Q2 the growth rate of GDP is slightly downscaled (from 0.0% to -0.1%) compared to previous release, due to revision in seasonal adjustment (in household consumption of energy, notably). The growth overhang for 2014 has been revised by +0.1 points and it now reaches +0.4%.

More:

The **statistical overhang** of a variable is the annual growth rate which would be obtained if this variable was to remain at its level of the last known quarter.

- More data (time series since 1949, methodology...) are available on the dedicated web page: <u>quarterly national accounts on</u> <u>www.insee.fr</u>
- Time series are also available in the Macro-economic database: G1540, G1548
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