

Widening the scope of the *Informations Rapides* on quarterly employment estimates

Until the end of the fourth quarter of 2016, Insee publishes quarterly estimates of payroll employment on the competitive field and on the scope of metropolitan France, 70 days after the end of the quarter (see [documentation](#) about the indicator on the Insee's website), in partnership with Dares. They are based on different administrative data, the main ones being :

- The "bordereaux récapitulatifs des cotisations" (BRC) and the "déclarations sociales nominatives" (DSN) produced by Urssaf and compiled by Insee.
- For temporary employment: the monthly declarations or the DSN provided by the temporary work agencies (TWA). All of these data are processed by Pôle Emploi and Dares.

Starting with the results of the first quarter of 2017, the 70-day estimate will be performed in partnership with the " Agence centrale des organismes de sécurité sociale" (AcoSS) and Dares. So this publication will become "tripartite". Its scope will be extended to all employees and will cover overseas departments (excluding Mayotte). Compared to the present publication, farm employment will be added, as well as the civil service and private individuals who are employers (including those in the non-market sectors). Thereby all sectors of activity will be covered, apart from extra-territorial activities. Furthermore, four French overseas departments out of five (Guadeloupe, Martinique, Guyana, La Réunion) will now be covered.

The flash estimate for the first quarter of 2017, released on 12 May 2017, will remain on the current scope (payroll employment in the non-farm market sectors, metropolitan France).

- As it is currently the case, employment levels will be derived from the annual employment estimates produced by Insee. These annual estimates measure employment at the workplace at the end of the year, as defined by the International Labor Office (ILO) as "recorded", after processing multiactivity. The concept of "ILO recorded" refers to the fact that any employment declared in the administrative data is accounted for. The treatment of multiactivity leads to the fact that people who have several jobs during the last week of the year are counted only once for their main job, which corresponds to the one that provides the highest remuneration over the year.

At these levels of annual employment, quarterly growth rates will be applied and there will be developed by:

- Insee on agriculture, the civil service and households' employers;
- Dares-Pôle emploi on temporary work;
- AcoSS on the private field excluding temporary work.

As it is currently the case, the quarterly series will be adjusted on each new annual employment estimates.

The synthesis of all the elements given by the three partners will be provided by Insee.

The partition of the field between the public and the private sector will be based on the legal category of employers. The public domain (or civil service) will be annually tracked by Insee through the System for Information on Civil Servants (Siasp, see [documentation](#) on section "Sources and methods" on Insee website, in French only).

In parallel with the tripartite publication AcoSS-Dares-Insee, AcoSS will publish on the private sector, at the same day, quarterly series of employees, payroll and average wage per capita. In this publication, as in the summary, data on temporary work will be provided by Dares-Pôle emploi. The levels published by AcoSS, in terms of salaried employees (or jobs), are not treated in regard to multiactivity and so they will be different from levels of employment estimates (see [documentation on the AcoSS website](#), in French only).